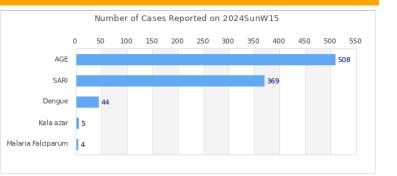


Ministry of Health and Population Department of Health Services Epidemiology and Disease Control Division

EWARS Weekly Bulletin Week 15, 2024 20th April 2024

Highlights

- 1003545 cases of Corona Virus disease (COVID-19) have been confirmed in Nepal, of which 991509 cases have been recovered so far.
- Of the reported cases, AGE is the leading cause of morbidity in week 15.

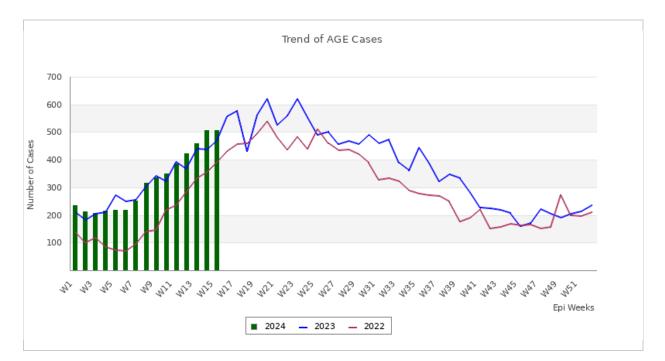


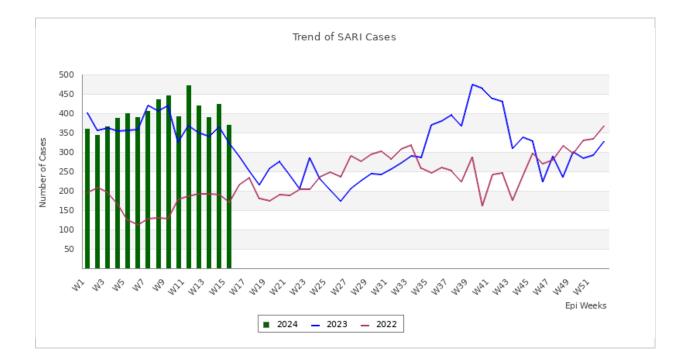
National Reporting Rate

90.7% (107 Out of 118)

Note: This bulletin includes data since January 2022 till date, including comparison of the same period last two year. Since, May 2019, 36 new sentinel sites (including public hospitals, private hospitals, and medical colleges) were added and was gradually oriented and started reporting, thus increasing the number of reporting sites. The current number of sentinel sites is 118.

Trend of Outbreak Prone Diseases/Syndromes





Comparative Analysis by Disease/Syndrome (Week 15, 2024)

Disease	Week 14 (Previous Week)	Week 15 (This Week)	Change in No. of Cases		2023 Week 15 (Last Year Same Week)
AGE	506	508	2	•	471
SARI	424	369	-55	•	324
Cholera	1	0	-1	•	0
Malaria Vivax	1	0	-1	•	2
Malaria Falciparum	0	4	4	•	1
Dengue	60	44	-16	•	36
Kala azar	3	5	2	•	6
Scrub Typhus	59	78	19	•	35
Enteric Fever	41	25	-16	•	71
Influenza Like Illness	116	64	-52		60

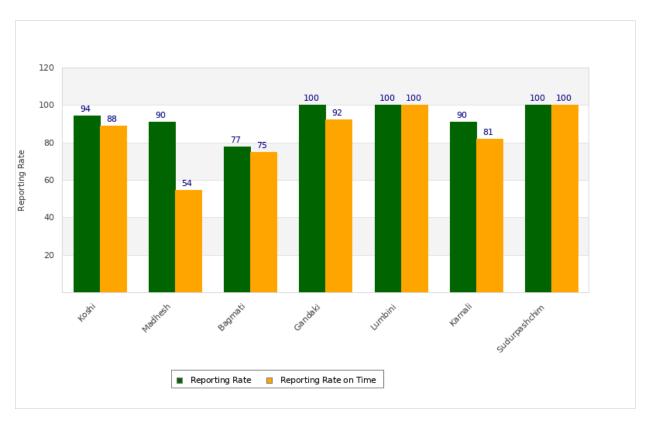
Increase in number of cases

Decrease in number of cases

No change in number of cases

Summary Observation (Week 15, 2024):

- Most of AGE cases were reported from Kathmandu (37 case), Bajura (26 case), Kapilvastu and Sankhuwasabha (23 case from each district), and Parsa (22 case).
- Most of SARI cases were reported from Kathmandu (56 case), Rupandehi (24 case), Kailali (20 case), Lalitpur (18 case) and Morang (17 case).
- Most of the dengue cases were reported from Kathmandu(9 case). Makawanpur (5 case), Chitwan (4 case), and Sankhuwasabha (3 case).
- Four cases of Malaria falciparum . Of them, two were reported from Kathmandu and single cases were reported from Palpa and Salyan .
- Observation of comparing this week with same week of previous year, 2023, we can estimate few increased trend of dengue this year 2024.



Province Reporting Status (Week 15, 2024)

Acknowledgement: The Epidemiology and Disease Control Division (EDCD) highly acknowledges the contribution from all the sentinel sites, medical recorders, EWARS focal persons, rapid response team members and technical support from WHO and GIZ for preparation of this bulletin.

Note: This bulletin is also available at the EDCD website. Other information can also be accessed at the website <u>www.edcd.gov.np</u>. If you have difficulty reading this bulletin, you can access it <u>online</u>.