

# Early Warning and Reporting System (EWARS)- Weekly Bulletin: Nepal

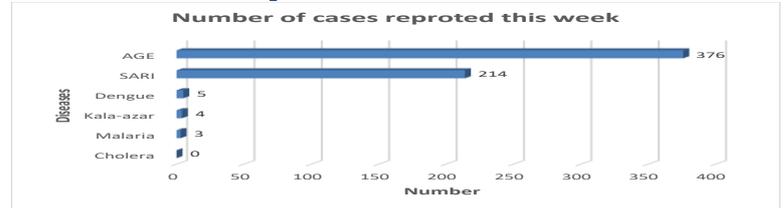
## 17<sup>th</sup> Epidemiological Week, 2022

### 8<sup>th</sup> May, 2022

#### Highlights

- 978942 cases of Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) have been confirmed in Nepal, of which 966789 cases have been recovered so far.
- Of the reported cases, Acute Gastro-Enteritis (AGE) is the leading cause of morbidity in week 17.

#### Number of cases reported for each disease this week

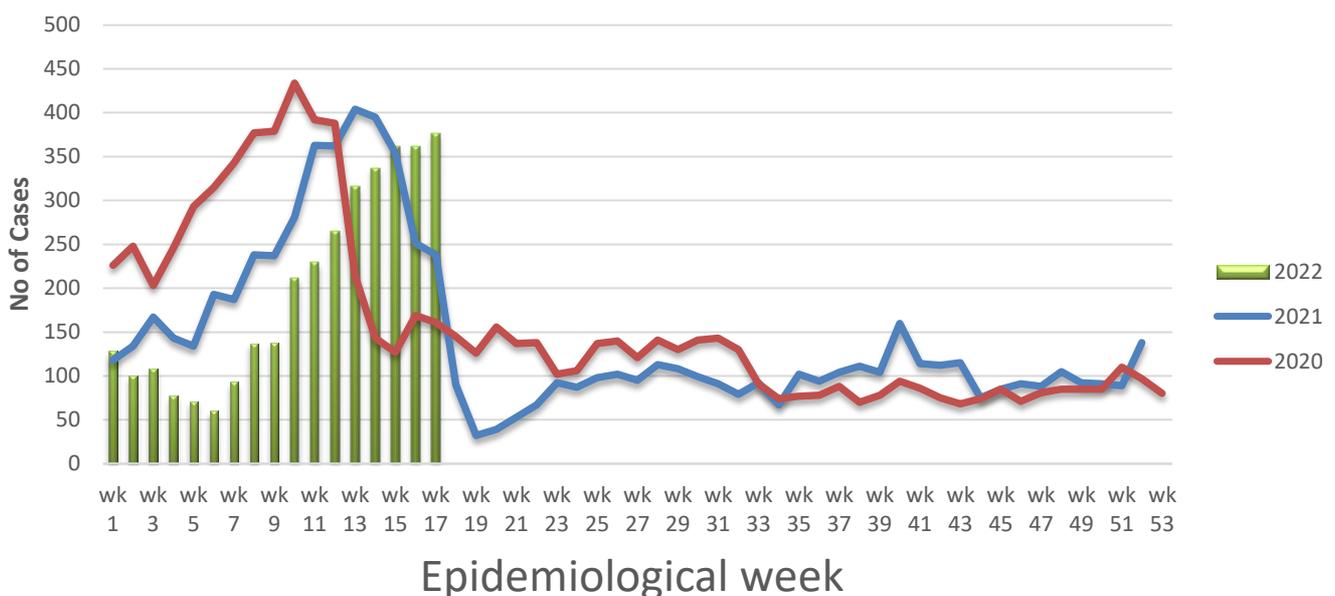


**Note:** This bulletin includes data since January 2021 till date, including comparison of the same period last year. Since, May 2019, 36 new sentinel sites (including public hospitals, private hospitals, and medical colleges) were added and were gradually oriented and started reporting, thus increasing the number of reporting sites. The current number of sentinel sites is 118.

### 1. Acute Gastro-Enteritis (AGE)

- 376 cases of AGE were reported this week. The majority of these cases were reported from Kapilbastu (47 cases), Rupandehi (32 cases), Kathmandu (27 cases), Bara (26 cases), Lalitpur (23 cases), Rukum West (17 cases), Bardiya (16 cases), Sunsari Bajhang, and Kailali (12 cases from each districts), Morang and Jumla (11 cases from each districts), Achham, Jajarkot and Jhapa (10 cases from each districts), Pyuthan (8 cases), Kanchanpur (7 cases), Ilam, Lamjung, and Palpa (6 cases from each districts), Okhaldhunga, Baitadi, and Udayapur (5 cases from each districts).
- 251 cases of AGE were reported this week in 2021.

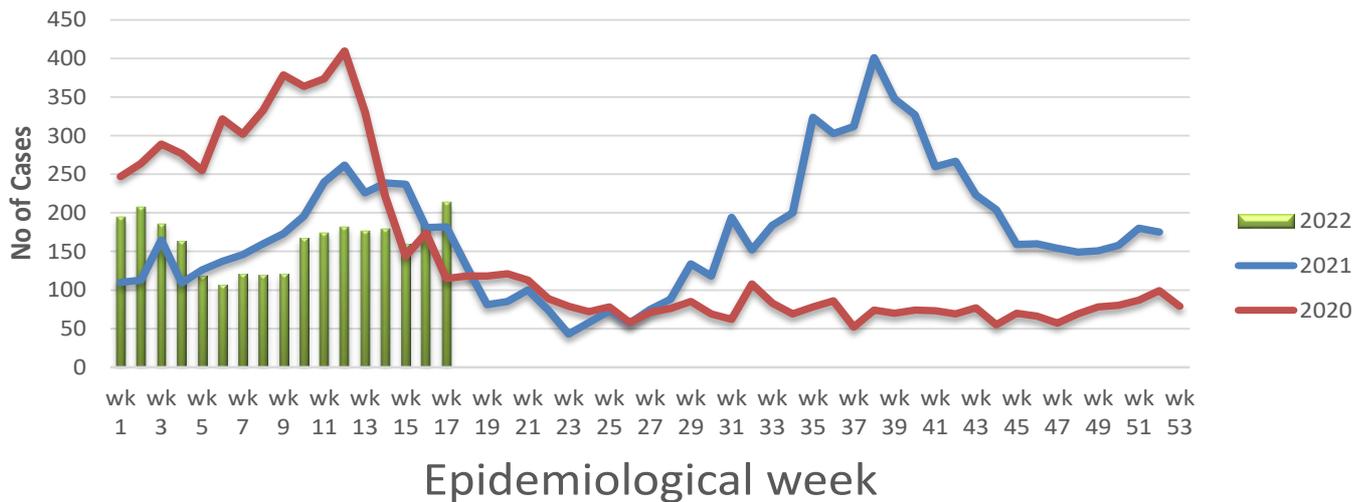
### Number of AGE cases reported to EWARS in 2020, 2021 and 2022



## 2. Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI)

- 214 cases of SARI were reported this week. The majority of these cases were reported from Surkhet (22 cases), Jhapa, and Rupandehi (19 cases from each districts), Baitadi, Palpa and Morang (11 cases from each districts), Kanchanpur (9 cases), Kapilbastu, and Sunsari (8 cases from each districts), Kathmandu (7 cases), Kailali, and Rolpa (6 cases from each districts), Dailekh and Gulmi (5 cases form each districts), Jajarkot, bajhang and Baglung (4 cases from each districts).
- 191 cases of SARI were reported this week in 2021.

### Number of SARI cases reported to EWARS in 2020, 2021 and 2022



## 3. Malaria

- Three case of malaria (Two cases of Malaria Vivax and one case of Malaria Falciparum) were reported this week; one each cases from Kanchanpur, Achham and Salyan districts.
- Zero case of malaria was reported this week in 2021.

## 4. Dengue

- Five cases of dengue were reported this week. The majority of the case were reported from Palpa (2 cases), and one each cases from Bardiya, Lamjung and Arghakhanchi districts.
- Four cases of dengue were reported this week in 2021.

## 5. Kala-azar

- Four cases of kala-azar were reported this week. The majority of the cases were reported from Baitadi (2 cases), and one each cases from Kalikot and Bajura districts.
- Six cases of kala-azar were reported this week in 2021.

## 6. Cholera

- Zero case of Cholera was reported this week
- Zero case of Cholera was reported this week in 2021.

## Other diseases

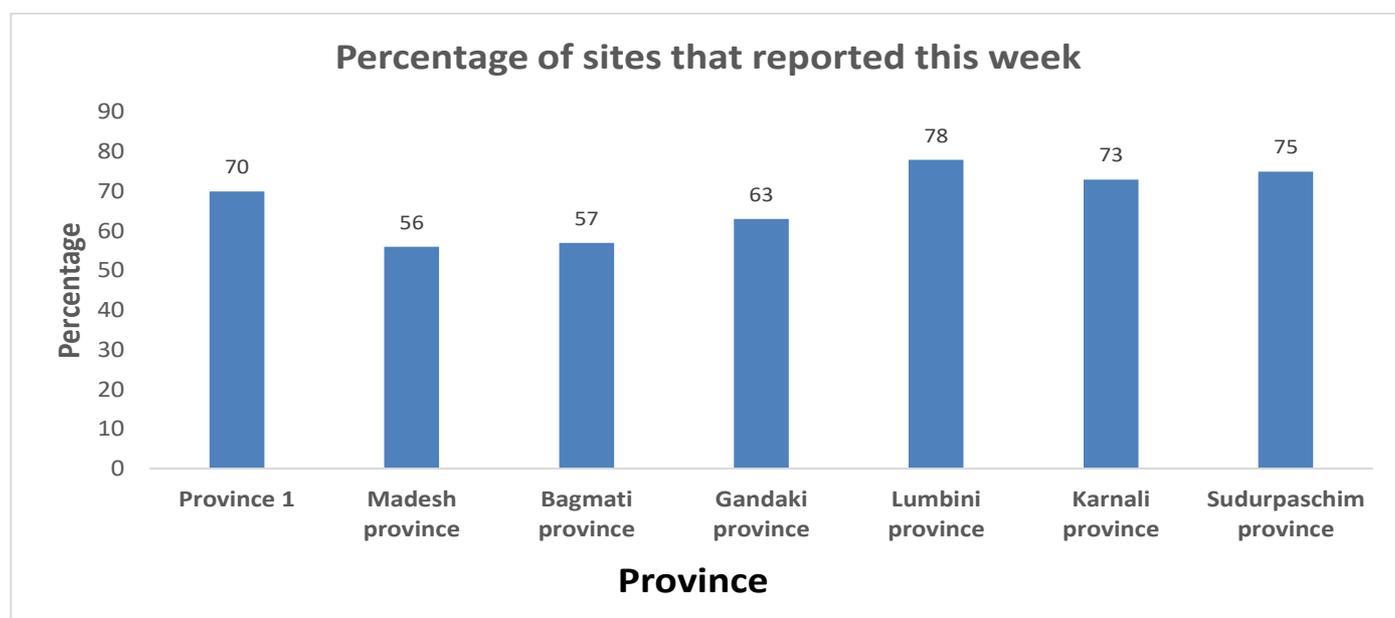
### Scrub typhus

- 22 cases of scrub typhus were reported this week. The majority of the cases were reported from Darchula (8 cases), Syangja and Gulmi (2 cases from each districts) and one each cases from Tanahu, Banke, Sindhupalchok, Pyuthan, Bajhang, Kailali, Baitadi, Bhojpur, Palpa, and Arghakhanchi districts.
- Four cases of scrub typhus were reported this week in 2021.

**Table: Comparison with previous week by diseases, 2022**

Disease	Week 17	Week 16
AGE	376	361
SARI	214	184
Malaria	3	0
Kala-azar	4	10
Dengue	5	3
Cholera	0	0

### Province wise reporting status:



**Acknowledgement:** The Epidemiology and Disease Control Division (EDCD) highly acknowledges the contribution from all the sentinel sites, medical recorders, EWARS focal persons, rapid response team members and technical support from WHO and GIZ for preparation of this bulletin.

**Note:** This bulletin is also available at the EDCCD website (please click [here](#)). Other information can also be accessed at the website [www.edcd.gov.np](http://www.edcd.gov.np). Thank you.



**Government of Nepal**  
**Ministry of Health and Population**  
**Department of Health Services**  
**Epidemiology and Disease Control Division**  
**Kathmandu, Nepal**